THIS OPINION HAS NO PRECEDENTIAL VALUE. IT SHOULD NOT BE CITED OR RELIED ON AS PRECEDENT IN ANY PROCEEDING EXCEPT AS PROVIDED BY RULE 268(d)(2), SCACR.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA In The Court of Appeals

The State, Respondent,
v.
Candice Beasley, Appellant.
Appellate Case No. 2016-001908
Appeal From Lexington County Doyet A. Early, III, Circuit Court Judge Unpublished Opinion No. 2018-UP-418 Submitted October 1, 2018 – Filed November 7, 2018
AFFIRMED
Appellate Defender Lara Mary Caudy, of Columbia, for Appellant.
Attorney General Alan McCrory Wilson and Senior Assistant Deputy Attorney General Deborah R.J. Shupe,

PER CURIAM: Candice Beasley appeals her conviction of infliction of great bodily injury upon a child, arguing the trial court erred in denying her motion for a

both of Columbia; and Solicitor Samuel R. Hubbard, III,

of Lexington, all for Respondent.

directed verdict because the record contains no evidence of great bodily harm. We affirm pursuant to Rule 220(b), SCACR, and the following authorities: *State v. Weston*, 367 S.C. 279, 292, 625 S.E.2d 641, 648 (2006) ("When ruling on a motion for a directed verdict, the trial court is concerned with the existence or nonexistence of evidence, not its weight."); *id.* at 292-93, 625 S.E.2d at 648 ("If there is any direct evidence or any substantial circumstantial evidence reasonably tending to prove the guilt of the accused, [this c]ourt must find the case was properly submitted to the jury."); *State v. Butler*, 407 S.C. 376, 381, 755 S.E.2d 457, 460 (2014) ("On appeal from the denial of a directed verdict, this [c]ourt views the evidence and all reasonable inferences in the light most favorable to the State."); S.C. Code Ann. § 16-3-95(A) (2015) ("It is unlawful to inflict great bodily injury upon a child."); S.C. Code Ann. § 16-3-95(C) (2015) ("[G]reat bodily injury' means bodily injury . . . [that] causes serious . . . disfigurement").

AFFIRMED.²

KONDUROS, MCDONALD, and HILL, JJ., concur.

_

¹ Beasley was convicted of both infliction of great bodily harm upon a child and unlawful conduct toward a child. Beasley does not challenge her conviction of unlawful conduct toward a child.

² We decide this case without oral argument pursuant to Rule 215, SCACR.